## **CLAIMS**

1. A 1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one derivative expressed by Formula 1:

$$R_1$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 

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(wherein  $R_1$  is a halogen atom, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkyl group, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkoxy group, a trifluoromethyl group, or a trifluoromethoxy group,

 $R_2$  is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkyl group, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkoxy group, or a trifluoromethyl group, or  $R_2$  is in the 6-position of the indol-2-one and  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  join together to form a  $C_3$  to  $C_6$  alkylene group,

 $R_3$  is a halogen atom, a hydroxyl group, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkyl group, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkoxy group, or a trifluoromethoxy group,

 $R_4$  is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkyl group, or a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkoxy group, or  $R_4$  is in the 3-position of the phenyl and  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  join together to form a methylenedioxy group,

R<sub>5</sub> is a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom,

R<sub>6</sub> is an ethylamino group, a dimethylamino group, an azetidin-1-yl group, or a C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy group,

R<sub>7</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>4</sub> alkoxy group, and

 $R_8$  is a  $C_1$  to  $C_4$  alkoxy group),

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5 2. The 1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one derivative or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to Claim 1,

wherein  $R_1$  is a chlorine atom, a methyl group, a methoxy group, a trifluoromethyl group, or a trifluoromethoxy group,

R<sub>2</sub> is a hydrogen atom, a chlorine atom, a methyl group, or a methoxy group,

R<sub>3</sub> is a fluorine atom or a methoxy group,

 $R_4$  is a hydrogen atom, a chlorine atom, a methyl group, or a methoxy group, or  $R_4$  is in the 3-position of the phenyl and  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  join together to form a methylenedioxy group,

R<sub>5</sub> is a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom,

R<sub>6</sub> is a dimethylamino group, an azetidin-1-yl group, or a methoxy group,

R<sub>7</sub> is in the 2-position of the phenyl, and is a methoxy group, and

R<sub>8</sub> is a methoxy group.

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3. The 1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one derivative or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to Claim 1, expressed by the Formula 1a:

$$R_1$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 

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(wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ , and  $R_8$  are the same as defined in Claim 1), in which the substituent in the 2-position of the pyrrolidine has the (S) configuration.

- 4. The 1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one derivative or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to Claim 3, in the form of a levorotatory isomer.
  - 5. The 1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one derivative according to Claim 3, which is one of the compounds listed below:

(4R)-1-[5-chloro-1-[2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1Hindol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);

(4S)-1-[5-chloro-1-[2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);

1-[5-chloro-1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl]-4,4-difluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);

methyl (4S)-1-[5-chloro-1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl) sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-L-prolinate (diastereoisomer mixture);

- 3-[(2S)-2-azetidin-1-ylcarbonyl)-4-fluoropyrrolidin-1-yl]-5-chloro-1-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one (levorotatory isomer);
- (4R)-1-{3- (2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-[ (2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-5,6-dimethoxy-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl}-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);
- 5 (4R)-1-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-oxo-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);
  - (4R)-1-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-5-(trifluoromethoxy)-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);
  - (4R)-1-[1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-. 1H-indol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);

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- (4R)-1-[4,5-dichloro-1-[2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylphenyl)-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl]-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer);
- (4R)-1-{5-chloro-3-(5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl)-1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-methyl-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl}-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer); and
- (4R)-1-{3-(1,3-benzodioxol-4-yl)-5-chloro-1-[(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-indol-3-yl}-4-fluoro-N,N-dimethyl-L-prolinamide (levorotatory isomer).
- 6. A method for manufacturing a 1,3-dihydro-2H-indol-2-one derivative expressed by Formula 1:

$$R_1$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_4$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_7$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_8$ 

(wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ , and  $R_8$  are the same as defined in Claim 1) by reacting a compound expressed by Formula 2:

$$R_1$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 

(wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are the same as defined in Claim 1) with a compound expressed by Formula 3:

Hal—
$$SO_2$$
— $R_8$  (3)

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(wherein  $R_7$  and  $R_8$  are the same as defined in Claim 1, and Hal is a halogen atom) in the presence of a base.

7. A compound expressed by Formula 2:

$$R_1$$
 $R_3$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_5$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 
 $R_6$ 

(wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_4$ ,  $R_5$ , and  $R_6$  are the same as defined in Claim 1), or a salt thereof.

5 8. A pharmaceutical composition, containing as an active ingredient the compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof according to Claim 1.